

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 160.

SATURDAY, JULY 29 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS
PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED EX LATE ARRIVALS.
ICE CHESTS & ICE CREAM FREEZERS.
POCKET KNIVES, RAZORS & SCISSORS.
BLOCKS, CANVAS, BRUSHES, PAINTS,
OILS, VARNISH AND OTHER
ARTISTS' SUPPLIES.
THE NEW NET UNDERSHIRTS
FOR WEAR IN THE TROPICS FROM
\$5 PER DOZEN.
TEA TASTERS' SCALES AND TIME
GLASSES.
LADIES' BATHING DRESSES.
GENTLEMEN'S BATHING DRESSES.
GENUINE MALTESE CIGARETTES
IN TIN FOIL BUNDLES.
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
Hongkong, 19th July, 1882. [296]

Insurances.

THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).
UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.
The Undersigned, having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, are prepared to
ACCEPT FIRE AND MARINE RISKS at Current
Rates, allowing usual discount.
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [164]

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL £2,000,000; PAID-UP £200,000
PAID UP RESERVE FUND £50,000.
The Undersigned, having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, are prepared to
ACCEPT RISKS AGAINST FIRE at Current Rates.
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [165]

THE Undersigned have been appointed
AGENTS for the NEW YORK BOARD
OF UNDERWRITERS.
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [457]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000).
The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.
WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.
HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [81]

YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 290,553.95
May, 1882.....Tls. 940,553.95

DIRECTORS.
H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.
J. H. HICKVOSS, Esq., Wm. MEYERINK, Esq.,
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq., G. H. WHEELER, Esq.
HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.
LONDON BRANCH,
Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co.,
Bankers.
RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICES granted on MARINE RISKS to all
parts of the World.
Subject to a charge of 12 per cent for Interest
on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the
UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually dis-
tributed among all Contributors of Business (whether
Shareholders or not) in proportion to the
premium paid by them.
RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 13th May, 1882. [53]

INTERNATIONAL NOVELTY COMPANY.

KOOLANGSOO, AMOY, (CHINA).
(CLOSE TO THE UNION CHATEL).
IMPORTERS OF EUROPEAN
AND
AMERICAN NOVELTIES,
CONSISTING OF—
TRAVELLING BAGS, FANCY ARTICLES,
TRAVELLING TRUNKS, LADIES'
WORK BOXES, PENCIL CASES,
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, STATIONERY,
ELECTRO-PLATED
GOODS.
EMILE PFANKUCHEN.
Amoy, 15th July, 1882. [527]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE following Properties will be sold by the
Undersigned by Public Auction, on
WEDNESDAY,
the 2nd August, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the
Premises,
(IN SIX SEPARATE LOTS.)
1ST LOT.—ONE HOUSE in Queen's Road Central,
No. 147D, Registered as the RE-
MAINING PORTION OF SECTION G of
MARINE LOT No. 63.
2ND LOT.—ONE HOUSE in Bonham Strand
No. 117, Registered as SECTION A of
MARINE LOT No. 161.
3RD LOT.—ONE HOUSE in Queen's Road West,
No. 50, Registered as SUBSECTION No. 1,
of SECTION A of INLAND LOT 366.
4TH LOT.—ONE HOUSE in West Street, Tai-
pingshan, No. 41, Registered as INLAND
LOT 223 (Section).
5TH LOT.—ONE HOUSE in West Street, Tai-
pingshan, No. 53, Lot 224 (Section).
6TH LOT.—THREE HOUSES in Square Street,
Taipingshan, Nos. 38, 60, and 62, Registered
as INLAND LOT No. 278.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale,
apply to
J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 24th July, 1882. [508]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY,
the 4th of August, 1882, at THREE P.M., on the
Premises,
BY ORDER OF A MORTGAGEE.
ALL those PIECES or PARCELS OF GROUND
at Yow-mat-tee Registered in the LAND
OFFICE, as Sections E, D and the RE-
MAINING PORTION of Kowloon IN-
LAND LOT No. 107, measuring on the
North and South sides 30 feet, on the East
48 feet, and on the West side 46 feet. To-
gether with the SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT
HOUSE, No. 32, in Temple Street.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale,
apply to
J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 28th July, 1882. [525]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
to sell by Public Auction, on
MONDAY,
the 7th day of August, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the
Premises,
BY ORDER OF A MORTGAGEE.
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL OF GROUND,
Registered in the LAND OFFICE as Sec-
tion E, of MARINE LOT No. 6, measuring
on the North and South 30 feet and 6 in.
on the East and West 40 feet and 11 inches.
Together with the Two HOUSES erected
thereon Nos. 5 and 7, in Jervois Street.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of
Sale, apply to
J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 28th July, 1882. [526]

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
to sell by Public Auction, on
THURSDAY,
the 17th day of August, 1882, at Two P.M.,
on the Premises,
BY ORDER OF A MORTGAGEE.
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL OF GROUND
Registered in the Land Office as INLAND
LOT No. 74, known as the "Canton Bazaar."
Together with the following HOUSES,
erected thereon viz—
8 Houses in Queen's Road East, Nos. 37 to 51.
10 " in Chung Kung Lane, Nos. 1 to 10.
10 " in Canton Bazaar, Nos. 1 to 20.
10 " in Kai Ming Lane, Nos. 1 to 10.
The above Houses will be sold in separate
lots of one House in each lot.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of
Sale, apply to
J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer,
or to
BREKENTON & WOTTON,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.
Hongkong, 26th July, 1882. [524]

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

MARINE LOT No. 63, containing Four
Substantially Built HOUSES and Four
Large GRANITE GODOWNS in the Praya
East and 17 CHINESE HOUSES in Queen's
Road East. The above Property will be sold
in one lot or in separate lots of one HOUSE
and 1 GODOWN in a lot, and the 17 HOUSES
in another lot.
For Price and Particulars, apply to
LEONG LUEN PO,
or to
J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 19th July, 1882. [510]

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

FIVE THOUSAND GALLONS, AVERILL AND
PIONEER AMERICAN MIXED PAINTS.
The following Colors—FRENCH GREY, STONE,
LIGHT STONE, WAGON RED, DARK GREEN,
CHROME YELLOW, FIRE PROOF, MARINE BLUE,
DARK RED, INSIDE WHITE and OUTSIDE
WHITE.
Also,
20 Cases AMERICAN AXLE GREASE.
To be sold at less than SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.
In Quantities to Suit Purchasers.
Apply to
AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY,
S. B. LEWIS, Manager.
Hongkong, 25th July, 1882. [523]

FOR SALE.

THE well-known VERMOUTH DI-
TORRINO FRATILLI CORA.
\$6.50 PER DOZEN LITRE BOTTLES.
VINO MOSCATO D'ASTI.
AT \$5.00 PER DOZEN CHAMPAGNE BOTTLES.
A reduction of 5 per cent. on quantities of
5 cases and upwards.
D. MUSSO & Co.,
West Point.
Hongkong, 8th July, 1882. [492]

Intimations.

ROSE & CO.

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.
PLAIN PRINTED AND BROCADED SATEENS.
THE New French Satin LISSE in Fancy and plain to contrast for Costume, exquisite, light,
and Fashionable Material for the Season.
ZEPHYR CLOTHS IN LATEST STYLES OF PATTERN.
These Goods are recommended specially for their extreme lightness and durability
of Colour, for Washing Costumes they are unequalled.
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
WE HAVE JUST OPENED A CHOICE VARIETY OF
LADIES' STRAW HATS, MILLINERY TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,
RIBBONS AND THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN FANCY SILKS,
SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR MILLINERY PURPOSES.
LACES AND TRIMMINGS.
BLACK, WHITE, CREAM, BEADED AND OTHER LACES,
IN LARGE VARIETY
BEADED AND JET TRIMMINGS,
SUNSHADES, UMBRELLAS, FANS,
LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S, AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,
GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, COLLARS,
&c., &c., &c.
THE NEW WATERPROOF EVERCLEAN, COLLARS AND CUFFS.
TRAVELLING TRUNKS AND GLADSTONE BAGS,
JUST RECEIVED.
GENTS' BUTTON AND LADIES' 2 1/2, 4, 6, AND 8 BUTTON PARIS KID GLOVES,
IN TINS OF THREE PAIRS ASSORTED COLOURS.
Our Millinery and Dressmaking Departments are now under the able Management of experienced
Assistants, we are therefore prepared to execute in the most elegant style and at reasonable
rates any orders that may be placed under our care.
A CONSIGNMENT OF MUSIC AND BOOKS.
DISCOUNT FOR CASH PAYMENT
ROSE & COMPANY,
31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.
Hongkong, 25th July, 1882. [379]

EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER "IRACADY" AND OTHER LATEST ARRIVALS.

Ladies Richly Trimmed Pongee Silk Costumes, Satin, Linen, and Cambric Costumes,
Ready-made Dresses, Lace and Silk Fichus, Cravats, Dressing Gowns, Fine Silk
Hose, Embroidered Silk and Ivory Fans, &c., &c., &c.
Gentlemen's Parisian Straw and Panama Hats, French Felt Hats, Light Summer
Tweeds in Pieces for Pants, White and Coloured Linen Drill, Pieces of Touch Cord
for Vests, Canvas Shoes, Silk Umbrellas, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Parisian
Boots and Shoes in great variety &c., &c., &c.
Oriza's and Pinaud's Perfumery in Great Variety, Vienna Cigar and Cigarette
Cases, Visiting Card Cases, Portmonnaies, Albums, Needle Cases,
Needles, Ladies' Work Boxes.
A GREAT VARIETY OF FRENCH SCIENTIFIC BOOKS AND NOVELS.
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
ECA DA SILVA & Co.,
48, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, June 5th, 1882. [432]

ECA DA SILVA & CO.

HAVE JUST LANDED.

EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER "IRACADY" AND OTHER LATEST ARRIVALS.

A GREAT VARIETY AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF SUMMER GOODS,
COMPRISING—
Ladies Richly Trimmed Pongee Silk Costumes, Satin, Linen, and Cambric Costumes,
Ready-made Dresses, Lace and Silk Fichus, Cravats, Dressing Gowns, Fine Silk
Hose, Embroidered Silk and Ivory Fans, &c., &c., &c.
Gentlemen's Parisian Straw and Panama Hats, French Felt Hats, Light Summer
Tweeds in Pieces for Pants, White and Coloured Linen Drill, Pieces of Touch Cord
for Vests, Canvas Shoes, Silk Umbrellas, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Parisian
Boots and Shoes in great variety &c., &c., &c.
Oriza's and Pinaud's Perfumery in Great Variety, Vienna Cigar and Cigarette
Cases, Visiting Card Cases, Portmonnaies, Albums, Needle Cases,
Needles, Ladies' Work Boxes.
A GREAT VARIETY OF FRENCH SCIENTIFIC BOOKS AND NOVELS.
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
ECA DA SILVA & Co.,
48, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, June 5th, 1882. [432]

AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, SYDNEY, AND HONGKONG.
DEPT. FOR THE WORLD'S PATENTED ARTICLES.

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS
OF
NOVELTIES, TOYS, YANKEE NOTIONS, CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, STATIONERY, GLASS WARE,
ELECTRO PLATED GOODS.

ARTICLES OF USEFUL INVENTION.

ORGANS, PATENT ORGANETTES, RUBBER GOODS, AMERICAN TRUNKS,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

GENERAL PURCHASING AGENTS FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
AMERICAN GOODS.

BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE.

S. B. LEWIS,
Manager.
Hongkong, 16th June, 1882. [446]

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

JUST LANDED DIRECT FROM PARIS.

SAYLE & CO.

ARE SHOWING IN THEIR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

A CASE OF LADIES' PARISIAN TRIMMED HATS.

A CASE OF BOYS AND GIRLS STRAW HATS.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

A LARGE VARIETY OF ALENCON, BRODERIE, VENICE,
SPANISH AND FRENCH LACES.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

SPECIALITIES IN CREAM DRESS MATERIALS AND NEEDLEWORKS TO MATCH.
NEW SHADES IN SURAT SILKS, BOOTS AND SHOES, PERFUMERY, &c., &c.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882. [79]

For Sale.

D. K. GRIFFITH.

MANUFACTURER OF THE LONDON
AERATED WATERS.

7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,
(Opposite the City Hall).
Having lately purchased the entire Machinery
of the late Mr. E. CHASTELL'S
SODA WATER FACTORY
I am now prepared to execute the largest orders
for every description of Aerated Waters with
promptness and despatch.
SUPERIOR QUALITY
GUARANTEED.
Consumers should try these carefully
Manufactured
SPARKLING WATERS.
THREE DOZEN FOR ONE DOLLAR.
All Orders and Communications should be ad-
dressed to The Factory,
7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.
Hongkong, 11th April, 1882. [245]

FOR SALE.
G. H. MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE.
Quarts.....\$22 per Case.
Bottle.....\$23 per Case.
Apply to
MELCHERS & Co.
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1882. [132]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.

HAS FOR SALE.
CIGARS of all Brands, Imperiales, Caballeros,
Vegeros, Regalias, Londres, Nuevo Ha-
banos of all makes, quality guaranteed. TOBACCO
of all Brands, at moderate prices. FANCY GOODS
from the Parisian markets, Meerschaum Pipes,
Jewellery of Chaste Designs. Sun Hats, &c., &c.,
Commissions Executed.
JOSE M. BASA.
No. 51, B, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [297]

Amusements.

ECCE.

SOON TO APPEAR
AT THE
THEATRE ROYAL,
CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

WE understand that a bet is on the tapis
between two persons of distinction, that
a well-known Musical nobleman will collect a
certain sum of money by travelling through the
world, under the disguise of a Wandering Minstrel.
The titled votary of Apollo is now on his tour,
and invariably experiences the kindest receptions
from the gentry of the different towns he visits,
it being easy to perceive from his noble air and
courteous demeanour that his character is assumed.
He is now journeying towards Hongkong, where
he is expected every day.

His first appearance will be fully announced
by
KELLY & WALSH,
Queen's Road.

Where a plan of the Theatre may be seen and
Seats secured.

PRICES:
Dress Circle & Stalls.....\$2.00.
Admission.....\$1.00.
SOLDIERS' HALF PRICE.
Hongkong, 28th July, 1882. [528]

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above
Company will be held at the HEAD OFFICE,
Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 31st
instant, at 3.30 O'CLOCK P.M., for the purpose
of presenting the Report of the Directors and State-
ment of accounts to 30th April last, and of de-
claring dividends.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 18th to 31st instant
both days inclusive.
By Order,
W. H. RAY,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 8th July, 1882. [491]

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above
Company will be held at the HEAD OFFICE,
Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 31st
instant, at 3.30 O'CLOCK P.M., for the purpose
of presenting the Report of the Directors and State-
ment of accounts to 30th April last, and of de-
claring dividends.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 18th to 31st instant
both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 11th July, 1882. [496]

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 18th to the
31st instant, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 11th July, 1882. [497]

KELLY & WALSH.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED
THE FOLLOWING NEW FRENCH
WORKS.

E. D. Gérard, "Etre Epouse pour Soi-même" 2 vols.
De Goncourt....."La Faustine."
Harry Alis....."Hara-Kiri."
Ernest Garennes....."Baronnetie."
Edouard Rod....."Les Femmes de Thermidor."
De Haupt....."Le Roman d'un Athée."
Gréville....."Rose Roxelane 2 vols."
Lemormier....."Thérèse Monique."
Al. Daudet....."Numa Roumestan."
Ch. Joliet....."La Balle de Cuivre."
Vast-Ricquard....."Pour Ces Dames."
A. Matthey....."La Femme de Judas."
Odyse Barot....."Le Casier Judiciaire."
Alexis Houvier....."La Bougonnette."
Société Des Ceus De Lettres....."Entre Amis."
Em. Zola....."Pécheur."
Paul de Kock....."Monsieur Chéramil."
"....."La Maison Blanche."
"....."Les Eluistes."
"....."L'Amant de la Lune."
"....."La Famille Baillard."
"....."Les Femmes, le Jeu, et le Vin."
"....."Le concierge de la Rue du Bac."
"....."Un Toulouren."
"....."Madeline."
"....."Ni Jamais, Ni Toujours."
"....."Les Dames de Magasin."
"....."L'Enfant de ma Femme."
"....."Grissette."
"....."Une Femme a Trois Visages."
"....."La Prairie aux Coquelicots."
"....."Une Gaillardie."
"....."Un Jeune Homme Charmant."
"....."Un Mari Perdu."
"....."Une Drol de Maison."
"....."L'Homme aux Trois Culottes."
"....."La Femme, Le Mari et l'Amant."
"....."Papa Beau-Père."
"....."La Mariée de Fontenay-Aux-Roses."
"....."Montache."
"....."La Laitière de Montfermeil."
"....."L'Homme de la Nature."
"....."L'Ané, A. M. Martin."
"....."La Grappe de Groseilles."
"....."Jack Tempête."
"....."La Nonne Amonreuse."
"....."La Danse des Millards."
"....."Les Désespérés."
"....."Le Roman d'un Prêtre."
Hongkong, 24th July, 1882. [433]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [327]

THE

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
HAVE LATELY RECEIVED A SUPPLY
 OF THE FOLLOWING
 viz:
 SCOTT'S ELECTRIC TOOTH BRUSHES.
 SCOTT'S ELECTRIC HAIR BRUSHES.
 SCOTT'S GALVANIC GENERATORS.
 GLASS STOPPERED GLOVE BOTTLES.
 TONGA.
 FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP
 OF
 HYPOPHOSPHITES.
 VALENTIN'S MEAT JUICE.
 SAVORY AND MOORE'S
 PEPTONISED MEAT.
 VASELINE SOAP.
 ROBARE'S GOLDEN HAIR DYE.
 NEW PATTERN TOOTH BRUSHES.
 VIN-SANTE
 A NON-ALCOHOLIC STIMULANT CONTAINING
 HYPOPHOSPHITES.
 A. S. WATSON & Co.
 GENERAL CHEMISTS
 AND
 MANUFACTURERS
 OF
 AERATED WATERS
 HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
 HONGKONG. [43]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writers, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the *Hongkong Telegraph* will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK, so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish *The Hongkong Telegraph* daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige by at once communicating with the Manager.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882.

The way in which English newspapers can speak out honestly, and for the public good, about the private lives of those in high places, when private life becomes a public disgrace, without the slightest fear of being indicted for libel, forcibly reminds us that the *Hongkong Telegraph* is published in Hongkong. In many well known high class London periodicals an amount of plain speaking prevails which must greatly astonish those gentlemen who take their ideas of the law of libel from the old authorities, the law books. And who can doubt that this plain speaking about individuals in high places who are a disgrace to themselves, to their positions, and to mankind generally, is not for the public good? No one excepting judges and lawyers who are mere slaves to routine, who know a great deal of technical law, and very little indeed of the practical affairs of life. The *Hongkong Telegraph* cannot certainly be accused of being mealy-mouthed in dealing with public abuses, yet in our maddest moments on the war-path against Wickes, the *China Mail*, Thomas Lee Bowler, and Daniel Edward Bandmann we never dared to attack these ornaments of society with half the virulence, or with a quarter of the power of abuse, in the shape of strong language, which the most popular journals in England have used in exposing the private vices of men in high places.

The *London World* is, undoubtedly, one of the most ably conducted, one of the most cleverly written, and at the same time one of the most popular periodicals in the universe. Its editor, Mr. Edmund Yates, a gentleman of high literary abilities, has for many years been an honour to high class journalism. For the edification of that portion of the Hongkong community who may be under the same impression as Sir GEORGE PHILLIP with regard to the enormity of our offence in libelling BANDMANN, by stating that the eminent one was a coward, a confirmed woman beater, a striking actor, and a trumpet-blower, we propose to show how the *World* lately dealt with two men, not second rate strolling actors like BANDMANN, but peers of the realm, whose private acts our contemporary considered were outrages on decency. Our readers cannot have forgotten the recent death at the early age of 26 years, under very distressing and deplorable circumstances, of Sir GEORGE HENRY LOWTHER, better known as the Earl of Lonsdale. Slightly condensing the language, we find it stated

in the *World* that Lord Lonsdale was the head of a great feudal house, his ancestors having had unrivalled influence, but he do liberally elected to trample the purple under his feet, and to besmear his name and his family with the mire of worthless associations and coarse practices. He effaced, as far as he could, his station from the chronicle of nobility. Boy though he was, his existence was as much a tragedy as the play of Zola's which sent a thrill of horror and disgust through London, and few people can regret that the curtain has now fallen. The eccentricity of his forefathers degenerated in him into pronounced vices. Personal peculiarity became unbridled indulgence; love of power, a wanton disregard of public opinion and decency. There was a good deal more to the same effect, which it would serve no useful end to quote. According to the definition of libel in our old fashioned law books, that strict letter of the law to which so many judges sacrifice common sense and the intrinsic merits of a case, a grosser libel than the above never appeared in print; yet we believe that there is not an intelligent man in the three kingdoms, except those to whom truth is unpalatable, and possibly a few judges whose minds cannot get beyond what is laid down in Archbold and Roscoe, who would not hold the language thoroughly justified in every respect.

Our contemporary has also something to say about a peer who is still in the land of the living, a peer whose lineage many a crowned head would be proud to own. WILLIAM ALEXANDER LOUIS STEPHEN DOUGLAS-HAMILTON, is Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, Marquis of Hamilton, Douglas, and Clydesdale, Earl of Angus, Arran, and Lanark, Baron Hamilton, Aven, Polmont, Machanishire, Innerdale, Abernethy, Jedburgh Forest, and Dutton, Premier Peer of Scotland, Hereditary Keeper of Holyrood Palace, and Duke of Chateaufort in France. The *World* informs the public briefly that the Duke of Hamilton, a representative of four dukedoms, six earldoms, and a lineage he traces from WILLIAM himself, has decided to disperse the art treasures and unrivalled library of his great mansion, Hamilton Palace, by public auction. The beautiful pictures, cabinets, and works of art are to be exiled from the superb home which has known them so long, knocked down to the highest bidder, because their owner wants more cash to squander. It is not an honourable, or a creditable step to take. The Duke comes of a wild stock; but there was about the follies of his ancestors a certain air of courtliness and breeding unknown to him. Only a very lively, as well as a very conventionally-respectful imagination could ever discover, in his present Grace of Hamilton, an ideal Duke. He was, at eighteen, devoted to rat-killing, dog-fighting, badger-baiting, and worse things; and he persistently advanced along the road to ruin in the most cheerful of tempers. A seed-time of wild oats, extended too long, develops a harvest of disaster and shame. This is how a representative English newspaper sums up the life of a living peer of the British realm. It is positively certain that had the *World* been called upon to legally substantiate all its allegations it would have failed to do so; but with the great advance of enlightenment and the power of public opinion at home, no one ever dreams of regarding such writing as either illegitimate or uncalled for. We contend, notwithstanding the recent decision of Sir GEORGE PHILLIP in the BANDMANN v. FRASER-SMITH affair, a case which, by the way, so far as the defendant was concerned, had better legal claims to privilege than the one now under review, that the *World* was quite justified in its plain speaking for the public good. And we await with confidence the arrival of the day when the supreme tribunals of England will be compelled by the influence of public opinion, and the power of the Fourth Estate, to admit that the time has at length arrived when the duty the newspapers owe to the public must be legally recognised. If our martyrdom can in any way hasten this desirable aim, we shall feel that we have not libelled BANDMANN in vain.

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, July 28th.
 The reserves have been called out. The Radical and Conservative Members discontinue a vote of credit.

The Committee of the French Chamber of Deputies has refused to grant a credit for the protection of the Suez Canal.

Turkish naval and military preparations are being made for Egypt.

A correspondent wants to know 'how human skin can be tanned?' He must have been a remarkably good boy when he went to school not to have learned that among other branches.

A Wisconsin editor illustrates the prevailing extravagance of people now-a-days, by calling attention to the costly baby carriages in use, while when he was a baby, they hauled him round by the hair of his head.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THERE will be a regular meeting of Zetland Lodge, No. 525, on the 3rd proximo at Freemason's Hall, Zetland St., at half-past eight for nine o'clock precisely.

WE note that H.R.H. the Prince of Orange has been elected by the Freemasons of Holland as Grand Master, and that he has accepted the appointment, to the great satisfaction of the members of the brotherhood.

THE cases heard to-day at the Police Court were too unimportant to find a place in our columns. We leave our contemporaries, in accordance with their general practice, to serve up the rubbish for the delectation of their indulgent subscribers.

WE have much pleasure in stating that the band of "The Huffs" will play in the Public Gardens, this evening, by moonlight, weather permitting, commencing at nine o'clock. The following will be the programme:—

March "Sundell" "Gasser."
 Overture "New Vespers Solennes" "Verdi."
 Cavatina "Femina" "Verdi."
 "Sentimental Mendelssohn" "Rosini."
 Aria "The Rose Tree" "Verdi."
 Aria "The Rose Tree" "Verdi."
 Aria "The Rose Tree" "Verdi."
 Aria "The Rose Tree" "Verdi."

HE had been defending a libel, and had all the morning been examining the plaintiff, much to the latter's discomfort and openly expressed resentment, when the Court adjourned. As the sixth bivalve disappeared down the barrister's throat, the libelled plaintiff appeared at his side. He wore a look of suppressed anger, and he had come to publicly insult the lawyer. "Mr. Red-silk," said he, hoarsely, but loud enough for the other people to hear, "is there any blackguard so low that you will not defend him, or any cause so bad that you will not undertake it?" "I don't know," said the lawyer, putting the seventh bivalve into his mouth, and then stooping down confidentially, "what have you been doing?"

THE *Sydney Bulletin* is responsible for the following:—During the recent triumphal tour of a certain opera company it became desirable to re-enforce the female "supper" department by employing half-a-dozen local ladies, well and favourably known to most of the gentlemen who held season tickets for the "gods." The opera was "Il Trovatore," and all went as calm as a fat boy falling down a cellar, until the gipsy scene, when the recruits were at once "spotted," and saluted with a perfect yell, over which the voice of the local boom-maker's son could be heard as he screamed, "My anthe, Sarah Johnson, your father'll shift your ear if he catches yer showin' yer shins in that style." From that hour Sarah passed away into private life; and another genus was nipped in the bud by a revengeful critic.

PORT DOUGLAS, N.Z., says the *Bulletin*, is pretty well off for Roman Catholics, but it possesses a big, brawny Justice of the Peace who rejoices in a Presbyterian training. On a recent occasion there was a shindy at a Hospital Committee meeting, the cause being the action of several members of the Ancient Church in "turning dog" on a member of their own communion who had virtually been promised the appointment of surgeon. Presbyterian Johnny got disgusted at this sort of thing, and "went for" the other members of Committee. He very soon cleared the room of all but one long son of Erin, who sheltered himself under the table, and appealed to Johnny effectively in the words—"Oh, your Worship, don't bate me, an' I'll turn Protestant in the morning."

WE have received a letter from a gentleman of position in this colony relating to the late libel trial, in which he says that he could have brought undeniable evidence to prove that the two witnesses Arnold and Donaldson, called to give rebutting evidence for the prosecution, committed wilful and gross perjury. We were aware of that when these two persons were in the witness box. We were also aware of something else, and that was that both Bandmann and the woman Beaudet did not speak the truth, or anything approaching it. Could we have proved it? Most certainly, had we been permitted to do so. We could also have introduced a good deal of filthy matter had we cared to sharply cross-examine Bandmann, and the dove-like Beaudet; but as we owed something to public decency, we refrained from giving publicity to scandals which could not in any way, under the circumstances, have assisted our case.

THE *Globe* says:—While waiting for the interesting information from both our Minister at Peking and the Indian authorities that will be contained in the Blue-book shortly to be issued, it will serve a useful purpose to direct attention to the highly important evidence of a Spanish Ambassador to the Chinese capital twenty-four years ago. A Spaniard, least of all others, will not be accused of having any predilection towards the side of England in an Asiatic controversy, yet Don Sinibaldo de Mas found himself unable to arrive at any other conclusion than that the opium traffic is a legitimate branch of commerce. If England were not to supply the Chinese with an article which has become for them an indispensable luxury, then infinitely other countries would. Don Sinibaldo, whose opinion has just been reprinted for private circulation, was equally clear and emphatic on the point that it is only the abuse, and not the use, of opium that is deleterious; and in this respect it is no worse than spirits or tobacco. Not content with making a general statement, the Spanish Ambassador gives a specific instance of a case which came within his personal knowledge. This was a Chinese man of letters employed in teaching his language to two of the secretaries of the Legation, and an inveterate smoker. He passed all his time after the day's work in indulging his favourite pastime, but beyond that his appearance was emaciated, he enjoyed excellent health, and lived to a good age. Don Sinibaldo is particular to say that he was by far the coolest head in the whole establishment. In this pamphlet further evidence from an independent source is provided to show the reckless character of the charges that have been brought forward on the ground of morality by the anti-opium agitators.

THE celebrated Turkish acrobat, yclept "The Iron Boy," who so recently performed with much success at the Spring Gardens Club, gives an entertainment at the Garrison Theatre, Artillery Barracks, to-night, commencing at nine o'clock. To those who are fond of witnessing a high-class acrobatic and muscular performance we say, "don't miss this treat." The "Boy" is a wonder in his own line of business, and we hope will have a "bumper" house.

AN amusing thing occurred at—never mind where: it occurred. A magistrate had a "lady" brought before him for, say, breach of etiquette, and duly sent her up for three months. Some time afterwards, walking down the main street, he saw an attractive figure and pretty face coming towards him. Noting something familiar in the features, the magistrate politely raised his hat and made a profound bow to the fair unknown, who calmly said, "Well, old chap, going to shout?" It was the "lady."

ACCORDING to home papers, a serious affair has recently occurred at Martio, on the West Coast of Africa. The natives of that town having plundered a boat belonging to the people of Lunthe Island, where the British Government offices are stationed, were visited by the Lunthe police. Byamba, the chief of Martio, refused to allow any of his people to be arrested, and fired upon the police, who had to retire. The circumstance was reported by the commandant to Governor Havelock at Sierra Leone, who, with his suite and twenty-five of the Sierra Leone police, promptly left for Sherbro in the steamer *Prince of Wales*, which was accompanied by H.M.S. *Foam*. Arrived at York Island, a detachment of fifty blue jackets, twenty-five Sierra Leone police, and fifteen Lunthe police, was sent forward in launches of light draught. The force had penetrated close to the town of Martio, when a fusillade was opened upon them from the bush. The fire was returned, and a general encounter ensued. The natives were compelled to retire with a loss, it is said, of two hundred men killed. On the British side no fatalities occurred, though several men were wounded.

ONE day, one of the masters at Eton saw a boy scribbling his name on a nice clean wall. After giving a severe lecture on the enormity of such a crime, he added, with pedantic humour, "You have written your name on the wall, Sir! It is the only way it will ever reach posterity." The don was wrong. For the naughty boy is now known as Mr. Montagu Williams, one of the first English barristers of the day. Educated where he wrote his name on the wall, he was successively a private tutor, an officer in the army, a dramatist, a writer in one of the earliest "society" papers (the mauve-covered *Drawing Room*), and late in life he commenced to study the law. He is in the front rank of criminal pleaders, having defended with profound ability, among others, Mrs. Torpey, the Scotland Yard detectives, Lefroy, Catherine Wilson, and Dr. Lamson. His address to the jury in the last case was a combination of all the arts of rhetoric and the power of impassioned eloquence. With marked emphasis and energy he dilated on all the weak points of evidence, and with consummate skill twisted the direct ones; then as a last device appealed in tones of such solemnity and pathos as to bring several of the jurymen to tears, as he painted the woes of the wife, and the terrible inheritance of shame that would be entailed on the child should a verdict of guilty be returned. But no eloquence could outbalance the evidence in Lamson's case, and sentence of death was passed, as the prisoner stood white and trembling, and almost unconscious in the dock. In most cases, however, Montagu Williams has been singularly successful in procuring acquittals, having restored many atrocious scoundrels to the bosom of society. Mr. Williams' practice is making him rapidly wealthy; and his skill, famous. He is earning a distinction (which, strange to say, the world calls honourable) by securing verdicts that pervert justice; and he grows rich by saving criminals from the fate they deserve.

AT two o'clock this afternoon, a fairly respectable looking Chinaman, while journeying from Peddar's Hill to Wyndham Street, by way of the steps, fell, missing his footing, to the second landing. We arrived on the spot a few seconds after the man's fall. He was lying face down, a stream of blood from the wounds in his head dyeing several of the steps lower down. There were plenty of his fellow countrymen standing by, but none who offered to give the slightest assistance. We sent for a constable, and a Sikh arrived very promptly. With the aid of our No. 1 boatman, and another coolie, the Sikh got the wounded man brought to the top of the steps and put into a chair. During the whole of the time the unfortunate man showed no signs of coming to, a feeble groan being all that came from him. We understand the Sikh took the wounded man to the Central, where he, the constable, stated he had picked him up in the street, being unable to name the street, or make the Central Station officials understand the locality where the accident occurred. The poor fellow, who never spoke or opened his eyes while at the Police Station, was sent to the Civil Hospital. We have repeatedly, as we use the steps very often, brought to the notice of the authorities in the columns of the *Telegraph* the dangerous nature of the steps where the accident took place to-day. We pointed out that they were extremely steep and slippery, and have more than once strongly suggested that a hand-rail be erected for the better security of those who use that short-cut. Should the mandie, there will be the usual inquest, visit of the coroner and jury to the scene of the accident, and so on, which will probably result in the much needed hand-rail being at last erected. We do not know whose duty it is to see that the streets, roadways, and pathways are reasonably safe for use, but we have a strong feeling that that man, whoever he is, is solely responsible for the accident of to-day.

WE are informed by the Agent of the P. & O. S. N. Co., that the Company's steamship *Shannon*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for Hongkong yesterday, at 6 p.m.

MR. FROUDE, in the first two volumes of his "Life of Carlyle," regrets that he has not been able to discover more of the letters which passed between Goethe and Carlyle. It now appears that a series of hitherto unedited letters which passed between these distinguished men, and which have been recently discovered, will shortly appear in the *Magazin für die Literatur des In- und Auslandes*.

WHAT is libel? It would appear to us to be quite a matter of opinion, different judges holding extremely opposite views on the subject. The following case should commend itself to the consideration of those who have read Sir George Phillippo's opinions on libel, expressed in the recent local trial. The *San Francisco Chronicle* accused the *Bulletin* of having sold its editorial influence to the Central Pacific Railway for 6,000 dollars. The *Bulletin*, very foolishly and very unprofessionally, brought a libel action, but the presiding judge ruled that the allegation was not libellous. His Honor is reported to have said:—"Is it morally or legally wrong for a person to advocate a project, matter, or claim, for pecuniary or valuable consideration? Talent is as much the capital of the advocate, the lawyer, and the editor, as merchandise is of the merchant, and the editor has as much right to sell his talent as the merchant his merchandise. The lawyer, the minister, the parliamentary advocate, the lecturer, the author, each sells his talent, and is not the less respected for so doing. The greater his learning, industry, eloquence, and the esteem in which he is held, the greater his compensation. It seems to me that it is no more libellous to accuse one of selling for gain the support and advocacy of his newspaper than it would be to accuse the merchant of selling for gain his merchandise." It may be safely assumed that few English Judges would have ruled thus, but had this extremely practical and common sense lawyer tried the Bandmann v. Fraser-Smith case on its merits, we feel certain that a very different result would have been obtained.

POLICE Sergeant James Hill, stationed at Pok-fu-lum, appeared before Mr. Vodehouse yesterday on a summons for assault taken out by one Liu Kwai Sin.—The complainant said he was a head-coolie, and was occasionally employed by the Surveyor General's Department. On the 20th, about 4 p.m., he was coming from Aberdeen, and when near Pok-fu-lum Station the defendant, who was in plain clothes, came up from behind and slapped him twice with his open hand upon each side of the face, then seized him by the neck and struck him with his fist on the body. The Sergeant took him to the station, and when he got there pushed him against the table, hurting him so much that he fell as if he were almost killed. Defendant then knocked him about and searched him, taking a permit he had from the Surveyor General's office away from him. After searching him, the Sergeant pushed him away and kicked him out of the station. When he went out, he felt his purse, and found that a five dollar note was missing from it. Witness did not see the defendant take it. There were others searching him as well as the defendant. He had no external marks, but felt pain inside, all over his body. The Sergeant kicked him on the chest. He told Mr. Ford of what occurred, and took out a summons on Thursday. He did not take one sooner because he had been confined to his bed ever since. He had no idea why the Sergeant attacked him in that way. When defendant first hit him, witness thought he was a ghost. He had no witnesses.—Defendant said that he received a telegram from Inspector Stanton on the 20th, saying a pair of silk trousers had been stolen from the Harbour Office, and asking him to keep a look-out on the road. About a quarter to four p.m., the complainant came past the Station walking rather quickly, and as he thought he might be the man wanted, he went out in his shirt sleeves and called to him to stop, but he would not. He ran after complainant and caught him up. He asked him why he didn't stop, when complainant raised a cotton umbrella he had in his hand to strike him, calling him a "fan kwai." He took hold of him by the queue and brought him to the station. Asked in the station why he would not stop, he answered he would not stop for him (the Sergeant) or any other person. Complainant then opened his jacket and threw the permit at him. Seeing he had nothing in his possession, he was let go. As he was going out of the station, he again used the words "fan kwai." He called complainant back, and told him if he was careful he would lock him up. Complainant became very excited, and asked him (the Sergeant) for his number and said he would summon him. He had not seen the man since, or heard anything further about it until Thursday, when he received the summons. He never struck him, or kicked him, or hurt him in any way, nor did he slap his face. Complainant was told that a robbery had taken place at Aberdeen, and that it was thought he might be the thief.—Two Chinese constables stationed at Pok-fu-lum gave evidence similar to the Sergeant's statement, and said the defendant did not touch the complainant in any way beyond taking him by the queue. At the station complainant made a noise, saying he was a merchant, and that no one would dare to arrest him, not even an Inspector, and why should the Sergeant arrest him. "Here," he said, "am I a merchant who have been in Hongkong a great many years, and how dare you, a green clothes devil, arrest me." The woman who was with the complainant also made a row outside the station.—The complainant, who is an old man and very feeble looking naturally, on being recalled, said the Sergeant did beat him. He was very badly hurt, and had been in bed for the last seven days from the effect of the blows.—The Magistrate ordered Inspector Baker to take him to the Colonial Surgeon to be examined, and remanded the case until Monday.

WE have been led to believe that Mr. Thomas Lee Bowler has withdrawn the action for libel he recently took against the Editor of this journal. But for our time having been so much occupied these past two days we should have notified this important fact to an expectant public when the intelligence first reached us. On Wednesday last, Thomas Lee approached one of the members of our staff in his most courteous manner, and after complimenting him on the excellent report which had appeared in the *Telegraph*, detailing Mr. Bowler's latest appearance at the Police Court, remarked "Oh, I've withdrawn the action for damages I took against Mr. Fraser-Smith for libelling me." We conclude that Bandmann's particular friend "the Angel of good gifts" must have favoured Bowler with some kind of "inspiration." At all events Thomas Lee was present at the performance of "The Lady of Lyons," arrayed like Solomon in all his glory in a complete suit of sables, so we conclude that he has smoked the calumny of peace and buried the hatchet for good and all. In good part, *sine odio*, and without in any way wishing to hurt Mr. Bowler's sensitive feelings, we honestly do not believe that any Hongkong jury would have given Thomas Lee the sum of one thousand dollars as *solutum* for having been designated "the irrepressible one" by the *Telegraph*.

THE St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Voltaire* guarantees the authenticity of the following statement:—Shortly after the opening of the Moscow Exhibition, which was recently inaugurated by the Grand Duke Vladimir, a young man demanded an audience of the Chief of the Police at St. Petersburg. He refused to state his errand to any of the subordinate officials, so after being carefully searched he was admitted to the General. Here he sat at once that he was sent by the Revolutionary Party, and explained his mission in the following terms:—"The Emperor is prevented from going to Moscow by his fear of our schemes. His dread will cease to be justified whenever he grants a Constitution. Then he need fear no conspiracy, and can go in safety wherever he pleases. It has fallen to my lot to inform you that if the Emperor persists in his reactionary policy nothing can save him. Neither my friends nor myself wish to murder him treacherously. Alexander III. is warned as was Alexander II. We do not assassinate, but we render justice." At this point of the interview the police officer seemed anxious to call in assistance, but the young Nihilist stopped him and added:—"I do not wish to be subjected to the indignity of torture. In coming here I have sacrificed my life. I could have killed you, but we do not commit murders uselessly." With these words the youth stepped back a few paces, and knocked two large buttons, with which his cuffs were fastened, against his forehead. The buttons, being full of an explosive substance, burst, and inflicted such wounds on the young man that he expired in a few moments, leaving no trace as to his identity. This sensational incident has reminded the public that the murder of Alexander II. was preceded by similar warnings.

THE famous novelist Ouida, having heard that someone was about to dramatise her last novel, "Moths," wrote an indignant letter to the Times, complaining that her story of modern society was "to be dragged on the stage, cut and clipt, travestied and dressed up in vulgar and ill-fitting clothes." Vanity Fair gets great fun out of Ouida's proclamation of alarm. "When," says the writer, "we had finished reading 'Moths' it never entered our minds that anyone would ever try to vulgarise the book. But it seems a seer has found out how 'Moths' can be made more vulgar, and he is going to enlighten the public. We will receive a terrible shock when he has finished his task, if, as Ouida fears, he 'dwarfs and degrades' 'Moths.' We have read in a novel of a gentleman silly watching a lady bathing, and the taste of such a thing seemed to us doubtful. In another novel, of trees growing in a University quad; in another, that University oarsmen, when getting pace on, bob their ears up and down perpendicularly in an extract we learn that excited ladies of fashion extract fleas from their virtuous bosoms, drown the animals in ruby wine, and make lovelorn admirors consume the wine and the insects. These things seemed to us like blunders; and the novels were all written by the artist known as Ouida. If any dramatist can produce worse taste, he must be a superior person. Ouida vows that if the process of dwarfing or degrading (or, in other words, dramatising 'Moths') goes on, men and women of genius will write no more! The modesty of the announcement is touching. Life without Ouida! Whether will the erotic school go for solace? In what other learned novels can the fair virgin find Majors of such magnitude and ferocity, or artists of such morbid purity and sensuality? When Ouida retires into the Infinite, the highest cravings of man and woman-kind must rest unsatisfied. Bestowing one more mournful glance on her letter, we find that she wishes dramatic adapters would steal 'my roses, or my grapes, or my cook's *batterie de cuisine*, rather than 'my ideas and my creations.' Studying this sentence accurately, we find that Ouida is the owner of oats and grapes, and horses, and a cook, and a *batterie de cuisine* and roses, and other objects of interest, and all these gifts of Nature have been gained by the sale of information concerning Majors, and fleas, and lewd courtisans, and original gamblers, and yawning maidens. Ouida has gained everything that the world can give. On her own showing she is read by the pensive Calmuck in his sheepskin tent; the Chippeway assists digestion by perusing "Chandos" after he has partaken of baked dog; the wild Bechuanas have "Strathmore" read to them (by a medicine-man) while they dine manfully on deceased fies. We gather the facts from Ouida's declaration that "my books are read by human beings all over the world." Considering this fact, considering that the pious squaw and the British virgin derive equal delight from the creations of our gifted being's brains, we cannot let her fade, we cannot let this lady, who describes herself with such simple modesty as a 'woman of genius,' leave the world in darkness and despair. Don't go, Ouida!"

Velvet Blending, 32 inches, per yard.....	\$0.18 to 0.19
Velvet, Gentian, 22 inches, per yard.....	\$0.21 to 0.22
Velvetene, Black, per yard.....	\$0.21 to 0.22
Velvetene, Gentian, per yard.....	\$0.28 to 0.29
White Shirtings, 64 to 66 reed, p. p.....	\$2.15 to 2.35
White Shirtings, 64 to 66 reed, p. p.....	\$2.45 to 2.55
White Shirtings, 68 to 80 reed, p. p.....	\$2.80 to 3.35
White Shirtings, 60 reed, per piece.....	\$3.45 to 3.55
White Shirtings, 700 reed, per piece.....	\$3.50 to 3.65
White Shirtings, A, per piece.....	\$1.65 to 1.70
White Shirtings, E, per piece.....	\$5.30 to 5.32
White Shirtings, M, per piece.....	\$3.90 to 3.95
White Spotted Shirtings, per piece.....	\$2.45 to 2.55
White Brocades, per piece.....	\$2.50 to 2.65
WOOLEN GOODS.	
Blankets, 8lbs., per pair.....	\$3.90 to 3.97
Blankets, 9lbs., per pair.....	\$4.25 to 4.25
Blankets, 10lbs., per pair.....	\$4.50 to 4.55
Blankets, 12lbs., per pair.....	\$5.70 to 5.75
Camlets, SSS, per piece.....	\$13.50 to 14.00
Camlets, SS, per piece.....	\$13.50 to 14.00
Camlets, S, per piece.....	\$14.50 to 15.00
Camlets, BBB, per piece.....	\$15.00 to 16.00
Camlets, AAA, per piece.....	\$15.00 to 15.50
Camlets, LLL, per piece.....	\$13.50 to 14.00
Long Ellis, MM Scarlet, per piece.....	\$7.65 to 7.70
Long Ellis, MM Assorted, per piece.....	\$7.65 to 7.70
Long Ellis, HH Scarlet, per piece.....	\$7.75 to 7.80
Long Ellis, HH Assorted, per piece.....	\$7.65 to 7.70
Long Ellis, BB Assorted, per piece.....	\$7.75 to 7.80
Long Ellis, II Assorted, per piece.....	\$7.85 to 7.90
Long Ellis, DD, per piece.....	\$17.50 to 18.80
Spanish Stripes, per yard.....	\$0.72 to 0.73
METALS.	
Iron, Nail Rod, per piece.....	\$2.40 to 2.50
Iron, Hoop, per piece.....	\$2.85 to 3.10
Iron, Bar, per piece.....	\$3.30 to 3.30
Iron, Wire, per piece.....	\$6.75 to 6.80
Lead, LB, per piece.....	\$5.50 to 5.55
Lead, LB, per piece.....	\$5.40 to 5.45
Lead, Hole Chop, per piece.....	\$5.40 to 5.45
Quicksilver, English, per piece.....	\$37.00 to 38.00
Quicksilver, American, per piece.....	\$38.00 to 38.10
Steel, English, per tub.....	\$3.85 to 3.95
Steel, Swedish, per tub.....	\$4.35 to 4.45
Sheating, Metal, per piece.....	\$2.10 to 2.50
Spelter, per piece.....	\$7.15 to 7.20
Tin, Malacca, per piece.....	\$33.20 to 45.00
Tin, Plates, per box.....	\$5.35 to 5.40
PRODUCE.	
Almonds, per picul.....	\$18.50 to 19.50
Alum, 1st quality, per picul.....	\$2.45 to 2.55
Alum, 2nd quality, per picul.....	\$1.75 to 1.85
Bark, Siam, per picul.....	\$0.83 to 1.10
Bark, Camphor, per picul.....	\$15.20 to 15.40
Beche de Mer, per picul.....	\$30.00 to 55.00
Bees Wax, Japan White, per picul.....	\$11.50 to 12.50
Bees Wax, Hankow, Yellow, per picul.....	\$4.00 to 46.50
Bees Wax, White, per picul.....	\$7.50 to 88.00
Birds' Nests, 1st quality, p. picul.....	\$16.50 to 25.50
Birds' Nests, 2nd quality, p. picul.....	\$6.50 to 8.00
Birds' Nests, 3rd quality, p. picul.....	\$7.00 to 8.00
Bristone, per picul.....	\$5.55 to 16.55
Buffalo Hides, Manila.....	\$7.00 to 12.50
Buffalo Cow Hides.....	\$7.00 to 8.00
Camphor, packed, per picul.....	\$18.50 to 20.50
Camphor, Baroos, clean, p. picul.....	\$35.00 to 38.00
Camphor, Refuse, per picul.....	\$18.00 to 19.50
Cardamons, Superior.....	\$2.10 to 1.35
Cardamons, Inferior, per picul.....	\$2.00 to 2.65
Cloves, per picul.....	\$35.00 to 36.50
Coals, Afloat, per ton.....	\$10.25 to 10.00
Coals, English Steam, per ton.....	\$10.25 to 10.00
Coals, Sydney, per ton.....	\$9.25 to 10.00
Coffee, per picul.....	\$22.20 to 24.50
Coffee, Roast, Java, per picul.....	\$22.20 to 24.50
Copper, Rod, Japan, per picul.....	\$27.70 to 24.60
Copper, Nails, per picul.....	\$31.50 to 25.80
Cotton, Bombay, per picul.....	\$11.30 to 15.35
Cotton, Calcutta, per picul.....	\$17.60 to 17.80
Cotton, Ningpo, per picul.....	\$18.20 to 18.60
Cotton, Shanghai, per picul.....	\$16.80 to 17.50
Cotton, Shantung, per picul.....	\$16.20 to 16.80
Cotton, Tientsin, per picul.....	\$17.60 to 17.80
Cotton, Tungchow, per picul.....	\$17.10 to 17.50
Cotton Seeds, Saigon, per picul.....	\$4.20 to 4.30
Cotton Seeds, Siam, per picul.....	\$4.10 to 4.20
Cuttlefish, Japan, per picul.....	\$35.50 to 45.00
Cuttlefish, Java, without bone, p. picul.....	\$16.00 to 16.50
Cuttlefish, Chauchow, per picul.....	\$20.00 to 27.50
Dates, Black, per picul.....	\$14.45 to 4.55
Dates, Red, per picul.....	\$14.15 to 3.45
Dried Lily Flowers, per picul.....	\$7.85 to 8.15
Elephant's Teeth, 410 pieces, p. pl.....	\$250 to 300
Elephant's Teeth, 7 to 10 pieces, p. pl.....	\$200 to 220
Flour, America, per sack of 50 lbs.....	\$1.48 to 1.54
Flour, Amer., per barrel of 100 lbs.....	\$3.20 to 3.35
Flour, Amer., per barrel of 200 lbs.....	\$6.20 to 6.35
Fungus.....	\$39.50 to 40.00
Flints, per picul.....	\$0.50 to 0.65
Ginseng, Amer., 1st quality, p. pl.....	\$200 to 285
Ginseng, American, and quality.....	\$160 to 210
Hams, Ordinary, per picul.....	\$13.75 to 18.00
Hams, Superior, per picul.....	\$13.25 to 31.00
Hemp, Hankow, per picul.....	\$10.50 to 12.00
Hemp, Siam, per picul.....	\$10.40 to 11.00
Isinglass, Japan, per picul.....	\$36.00 to 45.00
Melon Seeds, 1st quality, per picul.....	\$4.90 to 5.30
Melon Seeds, 2nd quality, per picul.....	\$4.50 to 4.70
Mushrooms, per picul.....	\$18.00 to 46.50
Mussel, Dry Siam large, per picul.....	\$2.95 to 9.15
Mussel, Dry Siam small, per picul.....	\$2.95 to 9.15
Mussel, Dry Siam small, per picul.....	\$2.95 to 9.15
Pea Oil, per picul.....	\$14.50 to 5.00
Peas, White, per picul.....	\$2.05 to 2.10
Pe	

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 160.

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS
PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED EX LATE ARRIVALS.

ICE CHESTS & ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

POCKET KNIVES, RAZORS & SCISSORS.

BLOCKS, CANVAS, BRUSHES, PAINTS,

OILS, VARNISH AND OTHER

ARTISTS' SUPPLIES.

THE NEW NET UNDERSHIRTS

FOR WEAR IN THE TROPICS FROM

TEA TASTERS' SCALES AND TIME

GLASSES.

LADIES' BATHING DRESSES.

GENTLEMEN'S BATHING DRESSES.

GENUINE MALTESE CIGARETTES

IN TIN FOIL BUNDLES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1882. [296]

Insurances.

THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND
MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW ZEALAND.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The Undersigned, having been appointed

Agents for the above Company, are prepared to

ACCEPT FIRE AND MARINE RISKS AT CURRENT

Rates, allowing usual discounts.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [164]

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL £3,000,000; PAID-UP £200,000

PAID UP RESERVE FUND £50,000.

The Undersigned, having been appointed

Agents for the above Company, are prepared to

ACCEPT RISKS AGAINST FIRE AT CURRENT RATES.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [165]

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINTED

AGENTS TO THE NEW YORK BOARD

OF UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

SHIPPING.

Agents.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [457]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,

LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,000,000.)

The above Company is prepared to accept

MARINE RISKS AT CURRENT RATES ON COOBS,

&c. Policies granted to all parts of the world

payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,

Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [81]

YANGTSE INSURANCE

ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up) £1,420,000.00

PERMANENT RESERVE £1,230,000.00

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND £1,290,535.95

TOTAL CAPITAL and

ACCUMULATIONS, 8th

May, 1882. £1,940,535.95

DIRECTORS.

H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE following Properties will be Sold by the

Undersigned by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 2nd August, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the

Premises.

(IN SIX SEPARATE LOTS.)

1ST LOT.—ONE HOUSE in Queen's Road Central,

No. 147D, Registered as the RE-

MAINING PORTION OF SECTION G of

MARINE LOT No. 63.

2ND LOT.—ONE HOUSE in Bonham Strand

No. 117, Registered as SECTION A of

MARINE LOT No. 161.

3RD LOT.—ONE HOUSE in Queen's Road West,

No. 50, Registered as SUBSECTION No.

1, of SECTION A of INLAND LOT 366.

4TH LOT.—ONE HOUSE in West Street, Tai-

pingshan, No. 41, Registered as INLAND

LOT 223 (Section).

5TH LOT.—ONE HOUSE in West Street, Tai-

pingshan, No. 53, Lot 224 (Section).

6TH LOT.—THREE HOUSES in Square Street,

Tai-pingshan, Nos. 58, 60, and 62, Registered

as INLAND LOT No. 278.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale,

apply to

J. M. GUEDES,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1882. [508]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions

to Sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY,

the 4th of August, 1882, at THREE P.M., on the

Premises.

BY ORDER OF A MORTGAGEE.

ALL THOSE PIECES or PARCELS of GROUND

in Yau-ma-tee Registered in the LAND

OFFICE as Sections E, D and the RE-

MAINING PORTION of Kowloon IN-

LAND LOT No. 107, measuring on the

North and South sides 50 feet, on the East

48 feet, and on the West side 46 feet. To-

gether with the STANTIALLY BUILT

HOUSE, No. 35, in Temple Street.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale,

apply to

J. M. GUEDES,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 28th July, 1882. [525]

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

FIVE THOUSAND GALLONS, AVERILL AND

PIONEER AMERICAN MIXED PAINTS.

The following Colors:—FRENCH GREY, GREEN,

LIGHT STONE, WAGON RED, DARK GREEN,

CHROME YELLOW, FIRE PROOF, MARINE BLUE,

DARK RED, INSIDE WHITE and OUTSIDE

WHITE.

Also,

20 Cases AMERICAN AXLE GREASE.

To be Sold at less than SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

In Quantities to Suit Purchasers.

Apply to

AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY,

S. B. LEWIS, Manager.

Hongkong, 25th July, 1882. [523]

FOR SALE.

THE well-known VERMOUTH DI-

TORRINO FRATILLI CORA.

\$6.50 PER DOZEN LITRE BOTTLES.

VINO MOSCATO D'ASTI.

AT \$6.00 PER DOZEN CHAMPAGNE BOTTLES.

A reduction of 5 per cent. on quantities of

5 cases and upwards.

D. MUSSO & Co.,

West Point.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1882. [492]

Intimations.

ROSE & CO.

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

PLAIN PRINTED AND BROCADED SATEENS.

THE New French Sate Lisse in Fancy and Plain to contrast for Costume, exquisite, light,

Fashionable Material for this Season.

ZEPHYR CLOTHES IN LATEST STYLES OF PATTERN.

These Goods are recommended for their extreme lightness and durability

of Colour, for Washing Costumes they are Unequaled.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED A CHOICE VARIETY OF

LADIES STRAW HATS, MILLINERY TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,

RIBBONS AND THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN FANCY SILKS,

SPECIALY ADAPTED FOR MILLINERY PURPOSES.

LACES AND TRIMMINGS.

BLACK, WHITE, CREAM, BEADED AND OTHER LACES,

IN LARGE VARIETY.

BEADED AND JET TRIMMINGS,

SUNSHADES, UMBRELLAS, FANS,

LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S, AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,

GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, COLLARS,

&c., &c.

THE NEW WATERPROOF EVERCLEAN, COLLARS AND CUFFS.

TRAVELLING TRUNKS AND GLADSTONE BAGS,

JUST RECEIVED.

GENTS' BUTTON AND LADIES' 2, 4, 6, AND 8 BUTTON PARIS KID GLOVES,

Our Millinery and Dressmaking Departments are now under the able Management of experienced

Assistants, we are therefore prepared to execute in the most elegant style and at reasonable

rates any orders that may be placed under our care.

A CONSIGNMENT OF MUSIC AND BOOKS.

DISCOUNT FOR CASH PAYMENT

ROSE & CO. COMPANY.

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 25th July, 1882. [379]

ECA DA SILVA & CO.

HAVE JUST LANDED.

EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER "IRACUNDY" AND OTHER LATEST ARRIVALS.

A GREAT VARIETY AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF SUMMER GOODS,

COMPRISING:—

Ladies Richly Trimmed Pongee Silk Costumes, Satin, Linen, and Cambric Costumes,

Ready-made Dresses, Lace and Silk Fichus, Cravats, Dressing Gowns, Fine Silk

Hose, Embroidered Silk and Ivory Fans, &c., &c., &c.

Gentlemen's Parisian Straw Hats, French Felt Hats, Light Summer

Tweeds in Pieces for Pants, White and Coloured Linen Drill, Pieces of Touch Cord

for Vests, Canvas Shoes, Silk Umbrellas, Gentlemen's and Ladies Parisian

Books and Shoes in great variety &c., &c., &c.

Oriza's and Pinaud's Perfumery in Great Variety, Vienna Cigar and Cigarette

Cases, Visiting Card Cases, Portmonnaies, Albums, Needle Cases.

Needles, Ladies Work Boxes.

ALSO

A GREAT VARIETY OF FRENCH SCIENTIFIC BOOKS AND NOVELS.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

ECA DA SILVA & CO.,

48, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, June 5th, 1882. [432]

AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, SYDNEY, AND HONGKONG.

DEPT FOR THE WORLD'S PATENTED ARTICLES.

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

OF

NOVELTIES, TOYS, YANKEE NOTIONS, CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELLERY,

CUTLERY, STATIONERY, GLASS WARE,

ELECTRO PLATED GOODS.

ARTICLES OF USEFUL INVENTION.

ORGANS, PATENT ORGANETTES, RUBBER GOODS, AMERICAN TRUNKS,

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

GENERAL PURCHASING AGENTS FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

AMERICAN GOODS.

BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE.

S. B. LEWIS,

Manager.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1882. [446]

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

JUST LANDED DIRECT FROM PARIS.

SAYLE & CO.

ARE SHOWING IN THEIR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

A CASE OF LADIES PARISIAN TRIMMED HATS.

A CASE OF BOYS AND GIRLS STRAW HATS.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

A LARGE VARIETY OF ALENCON, BRODERIE, VENICE,

SPANISH AND FRENCH LACES.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

SPECIALITIES IN CREAM DRESS MATERIALS AND NEEDLEWORKS TO MATCH.

NEW SHADES IN SURAT SILKS, BOOTS AND SHOES, PERFUMERY, &c., &c.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882. [79]

For Sale.

D. K. GRIFFITH.

MANUFACTURER OF THE LONDON

Amusements.

ECCE.

SOON TO APPEAR

AT THE

THEATRE ROYAL,

CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

WE Understand that a bet is on the tapis between two persons of distinction, that a well-known Musical nobleman will collect a certain sum of money by travelling through the world, under the disguise of a wandering Minstrel. The titled votary of Apollo is now on his tour, and invariably experiences the kindest receptions from the gentry of the different towns he visits it being easy to perceive from his noble air and courtly demeanour that his character is assumed. He is now journeying towards Hongkong, where he is expected every day.

His first appearance will be fully announced by

KELLY & WALSH,

Queen's Road.

Where a plan of the Theatre may be seen and

Seats secured.

PRICES:

Dress Circle & Stalls.....\$2.00.

Admission.....\$1.00.

SOLDIERS' HALF PRICE.

Hongkong, 28th July, 1882. [528]

Intimations.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE

COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SIXTEENTH ORDINARY MEET-

ING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above

Company will be held at the HEAD OFFICE,

Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 31st

instant, at 3.30 O'CLOCK P.M. for the purpose of

presenting the Report of the Directors and State-

ment of accounts to 30th April last, and of de-

claring dividends.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company

will be CLOSED from the 18th to 31st instant

both days inclusive.

By Order,

W. H. RAY,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1882. [491]

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO

STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY

HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHARE-

</

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
HAVE LATELY RECEIVED A SUPPLY
 OF THE FOLLOWING
 vi:
 SCOTT'S ELECTRIC TOOTH BRUSHES.
 SCOTT'S ELECTRIC HAIR BRUSHES.
 SCOTT'S GALVANIC GENERATORS.
 GLASS STOPPERED GLOVE BOTTLES,
 TONGA
 FELLOW'S COMPOUND SYRUP
 OF
 HYPOPHOSPHITES.
 VALENTIN'S MEAT JUICE.
 SAVORY AND MOORE'S
 PEPTONISED MEAT.
 VASELINE SOAP.
 ROBART'S GOLDEN HAIR DYE.
 NEW PATTERN TOOTH BRUSHES.
 VIN-SANTE
 A NON-ALCOHOLIC SIMULANT CONTAINING
 HYPOPHOSPHITES.
A. S. WATSON & Co.
 GENERAL CHEMISTS
 AND
 AERATED WATERS
 MANUFACTURERS.
 HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
 HONGKONG. [43]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish The Hongkong Telegraph daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige by at once communicating with the Manager.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882.

The way in which English newspapers can speak out honestly, and for the public good, about the private lives of those in high places, when private life becomes a public disgrace, without the slightest fear of being indicted for libel, forcibly reminds us that the Hongkong Telegraph is published in Hongkong. In many well known high class London periodicals an amount of plain speaking prevails which must greatly astonish those gentlemen who take their ideas of the law of libel from the old authorities, the law books. And who can doubt that this plain speaking about individuals in high places who are a disgrace to themselves, to their positions, and to mankind generally, is not for the public good? No one excepting judges and lawyers who are mere slaves to routine, who know a great deal of technical law, and very little indeed of the practical affairs of life. The Hongkong Telegraph cannot certainly be accused of being mealy-mouthed in dealing with public abuses, yet in our maddest moments on the war-path against Wickham, the China Mail, THOMAS DE BOWLER and DANIEL EDWARD BANDMANN we never dared to attack these ornaments of society with half the virulence, or with a quarter of the power of abuse, in the shape of strong language, which the most popular journals in England have used in exposing the private vices of men in high places.

The London World is, undoubtedly, one of the most ably conducted, one of the most cleverly written, and at the same time one of the most popular periodicals in the universe. Its editor, Mr. EDWARD YATES, a gentleman of high literary abilities, has for many years been an honour to high class journalism. For the education of that portion of the Hongkong community who may be under the same impression as Sir GEORGE PHILLIPS with regard to the enormity of our offence in libelling BANDMANN, by stating that the eminent one was a coward, a confirmed woman beater, a striking actor, and a trumpet-blower, we propose to show how the World lately dealt with two men, not second rate strolling actors like BANDMANN, but peers of the realm, whose private acts our contemporary considered were outrages on decency. Our readers cannot have forgotten the recent death at the early age of 26 years, under very distressing and deplorable circumstances, of ST. GEORGE HENRY LOWTHER, better known as the Earl of Lonsdale. Slightly condensing the language, we find it stated

in the World that Lord LONSDALE was the head of a great feudal house, his ancestors having had unrivalled influence, but he deliberately elected to trample the purple under his feet, and to besmear his name and his family with the mire of worthless associations and coarse practices. He effaced, as far as he could, his station from the chronicle of nobility. Boy though he was, his existence was as much a tragedy as the play of Zola's which sent a thrill of horror and disgust through London, and few people can regret that the curtain has now fallen. The eccentricity of his forefathers degenerated in him into pronounced vices. Personal peculiarity became unbridled indulgence; love of power, a wanton disregard of public opinion and decency. There was a good deal more to the same effect, which it would serve no useful end to quote. According to the definition of libel in our old fashioned law books, that strict letter of the law to which so many judges sacrifice common sense and the intrinsic merits of a case, a grosser libel than the above never appeared in print; yet we believe that there is not an intelligent man in the three kingdoms, except those to whom truth is unpalatable, and possibly a few judges whose minds cannot get beyond what is laid down in Archbold and Roscoe, who would not hold the language thoroughly justified in every respect.

Our contemporary has also something to say about a peer who is still in the land of the living, a peer whose lineage many a crowned head would be proud to own. WILLIAM ALEXANDER LOUIS STEPHEN DORCAS HAMILTON is Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, Marquis of Hamilton, Douglas, and Clydesdale, Earl of Angus, Argyll, and Lanark, Baron Hamilton, Aven, Fulmont, Marchmont, Innerdale, Abernethy, Jedburgh Forest, and Dutton, Premier Peer of Scotland, Hereditary Keeper of Holyrood Palace, and Duke of Chateaufort in France. The World informs the public briefly that the Duke of Hamilton, a representative of four dukedoms, six earldoms and a lineage he traces from Wallace himself, has decided to "disperse the art treasures and unrivalled library of his great mansion, Hamilton Palace, by public auction. The beautiful pictures, cabinets, and works of art are to be exiled from the superb home which has known them so long, knocked down to the highest bidder, because their owner wants more cash to squander. It is not an honourable, or a creditable step to take. The Duke comes of a wild stock; but there was about the follies of his ancestors a certain air of courtliness and breeding, unknown to him. Only a very lively, as well as a very conventionally respectful imagination could ever discover, in his present Grace of Hamilton, an ideal Duke. He was, at eighteen, devoted to rat-killing, dog-fighting, badger-baiting, and worse things; and he persistently advanced along the road to ruin in the most cheerful of tempers. A seed-time of wild oats, extended too long, develops a harvest of disaster and shame. This is how a representative English newspaper sums up the life of a living peer of the British realm. It is positively certain that had the World been called upon to legally substantiate all its allegations it would have failed to do so; but with the great advance of enlightenment and the power of public opinion at home, no one ever dreams of regarding such writing as either illegitimate or uncalled for. We contend, notwithstanding the recent decision of Sir GEORGE PHILLIPS in the BANDMANN v. FRASER-SMITH affair, a case which, by the way, so far as the defendant was concerned, had better legal claims to privilege than the one now under review, that the World was quite justified in its plain speaking for the public good. And we await with confidence the arrival of the day when the supreme tribunals of England will be compelled by the influence of public opinion, and the power of the Fourth Estate, to admit that the time has at length arrived when the duty the newspapers owe to the public must be legally recognised. If our martyrdom can in any way hasten this desirable aim, we shall feel that we have not libelled BANDMANN in vain.

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, July 28th.

The reserves have been called out. The Radical and Conservative Members discontinue a vote of credit.

The Committee of the French Chamber of Deputies has refused to grant a credit for the protection of the Suez Canal.

Turkish naval and military preparations are being made for Egypt.

A correspondent wants to know "how human skin can be tanned." He must have been a remarkably good boy when he went to school not to have learned that among other branches.

A Wisconsin editor illustrates the prevailing extravagance of people now-a-days, by calling attention to the costly baby carriages in use, while, when he was a baby, they hauled him round by the hair of his head.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THERE will be a regular meeting of Zetland Lodge, No. 525, on the 3rd proximo at Freemasons' Hall, Zetland St., at half-past eight of nine o'clock precisely.

We note that H.R.H. the Prince of Orange has been elected by the Freemasons of Holland as Grand Master, and that he has accepted the appointment, to the great satisfaction of the members of the brotherhood.

THE cases heard today at the Police Court were too unimportant to find a place in our columns. We leave our contemporaries, in accordance with their general practice, to serve up the rubbish for the delectation of their indulgent subscribers.

We have much pleasure in stating that the band of "The Buffs" will play in the Public Gardens, this evening, by moonlight, weather permitting, commencing at nine o'clock. The following will be the programme:—

March "Scandia" Gasser.
 Overture "New Venice" Verdi.
 "Fiducia" Verdi.
 "Remembrance of Mendelssohn" Verdi.
 "The Song of the Sea" Verdi.
 "The Song of the Sea" Verdi.
 "The Song of the Sea" Verdi.

He had been defending a libel, and had all the morning been examining the plaintiff, much to the latter's discomfort and openly expressed resentment, when the Court adjourned. As the sixth bivalve disappeared down the barrister's throat, the libelled plaintiff appeared at his side. He wore a look of suppressed anger, and he had come to publicly insult the lawyer. "Mr. Reddick," said he, hoarsely, but loud enough for the other people to hear, "is there any blackguard so low that you will not defend him, or any cause so bad that you will not undertake it?" "I don't know," said the lawyer, putting the seventh bivalve into his mouth, and then stooping down confidentially, "what have you been doing?"

THE Sydney Bulletin is responsible for the following:—During the recent triumphal tour of a certain opera company it became desirable to re-inforce the female "supra" department by employing half-a-dozen local ladies, well and favourably known to most of the gentlemen who held season tickets for the "gods." The opera was "Il Trovatore," and all went as calm as a fat boy falling down a cellar, until the gipsy scene, when the recruits were at once "spotted," and saluted with a perfect yell, over which the voice of the local bootmaker's son could be heard as he screamed, "My oath, Sarah Johnson, your father'll shift your ear if he catches yer showin' yer shins in that style." From that hour Sarah passed away into private life, and another genius was nipped in the bud by a revengeful critic.

PORT DOUGLAS, N.S.W., says the Bulletin, is pretty well off for Roman Catholics, but it possesses a big, brawny Justice of the Peace who rejoices in a Presbyterian training. On a recent occasion there was a shindy at a Hospital Committee meeting, the *status belli* being the action of several members of the Ancient Church in "turning dog" on a member of their own communion who had virtually been promised the appointment of surgeon. Presbyterian Johnny got disgusted at this sort of thing, and "went for" the other members of Committee. He very soon cleared the room of all but one long son of Erin, who sheltered himself under the table, and appealed to Johnny effectively in the words—"Oh, your Worship, don't bate me, an' I'll turn Protestant in the morning."

We have received a letter from a gentleman of position in this colony relating to the late libel trial, in which he says that he could have brought undeniable evidence to prove that the two witnesses Arnold and Donaldson, called to give rebutting evidence for the prosecution, committed willful and gross perjury. We were aware of that when these two persons were in the witness box. We were also aware of something else, and that was that both Bandmann and the woman Bandett did not speak the truth, or anything approaching it. Could we have proved it? Most certainly, had we been permitted to do so. We could also have introduced a good deal of filthy matter had we cared to sharply cross-examine Bandmann, and the dove-like Bandett; but as we owed something to public decency, we refrained from giving publicity to scandals which could not in any way, under the circumstances, have assisted our case.

THE Globe says:—While waiting for the interesting information from both our Minister at Peking and the Indian authorities that will be contained in the Blue-book shortly to be issued, it will serve a useful purpose to direct attention to the highly important evidence of a Spanish Ambassador to the Chinese capital twenty-four years ago. A Spaniard, least of all others, will not be accused of having any predilection towards the side of England in an Asiatic controversy, yet Don Sinibaldi de Mas found himself unable to arrive at any other conclusion than that the opium traffic is a legitimate branch of commerce. If England were not to supply the Chinese with an article which has become for them an indispensable luxury, then infallibly other countries would. Don Sinibaldi, whose opinion has just been reprinted for private circulation, was equally clear and emphatic on the point that it is only the abuse, and not the use, of opium that is deleterious and in this respect it is no worse than spirit or tobacco. Not content with making a general statement, the Spanish Ambassador gives a specific instance of a case which came within his personal knowledge. This was a Chinese man of letters employed in teaching his language to two of the secretaries of the Legation, and an inveterate smoker. He passed all his time after the day's work indulging his favourite pastime, but beyond that his appearance was emaciated, he enjoyed excellent health, and lived to a good age. Don Sinibaldi is particular to say that he was by far the coolest head in the whole establishment. In this pamphlet further evidence from an independent source is provided to show the reckless character of the charges that have been brought forward on the ground of morality by the anti-opium agitators.

THE celebrated Turkish acrobat, yekpe "The Iron Boy," who so recently performed with much success at the Spring Gardens Club, gives an entertainment at the Garrison Theatre, Artillery Barracks, to-night, commencing at nine o'clock. To those who are fond of witnessing a high-class acrobatic and muscular performance we say, "don't miss this treat." The "Iron Boy" is a wonder in his own line of business, and we hope will have a "bumper" house.

AN amusing thing occurred at—never mind where it occurred. A magistrate had a "lady" brought before him for, say, breach of etiquette, and duly sent her up for three months. Some time afterwards, walking down the main street, he saw an attractive figure and pretty face coming towards him. Noting something familiar in the features, the magistrate politely raised his hat and made a profound bow to the fair unknown, who calmly said, "Well, old chap, going to shout?" It was the "lady."

ACCORDING to home papers, a serious affair has recently occurred at Martio, on the West Coast of Africa. The natives of that town having plundered a boat belonging to the people of Bunthe Island, where the British Government offices are stationed, were visited by the Bunthe police. Byamba, the chief of Martio, refused to allow any of his people to be arrested, and fired upon the police, who had to retire. The circumstance was reported by the commandant to Governor Harcourt at Sierra Leone, who, with his suite and twenty-five of the Sierra Leone police, promptly left for Sherbro in the steamer *Prince of Wales*, which was accompanied by H.M.S. *Pom*. Arrived at York Island, a detachment of fifty blue jackets, twenty-five Sierra Leone police, and fifteen Bunthe police, was sent forward in launches of light draught. The force had penetrated close to the town of Martio, when a fusillade was opened upon them from the bush. The fire was returned, and a general encounter ensued. The natives were compelled to retire with a loss, it is said, of two hundred men killed. On the British side no fatalities occurred, though several men were wounded.

ONE day, one of the masters at Eton saw a boy scribbling his name on a nice clean wall. After giving a severe lecture on the enormity of such a crime, he added, with pedantic humour, "You have written your name on the wall, Sir! It is the only way it will ever reach posterity." The don was wrong. For the naughty boy is now known as Mr. Montagu Williams, one of the first English barristers of the day. Educated where he wrote his name on the wall, he was successively a private tutor, an officer in the army, a dramatist, a writer in one of the earliest "society" papers (the mauve-covered Drawing Room), and late in life he commenced to study the law. He is in the front rank of criminal pleaders, having defended with profound ability, among others, Mrs. Torpey, the Scotland Yard detectives, Lefroy, Catherine Wilson, and Dr. Lamson. His address to the jury in the last case was a combination of all the arts of rhetoric and the power of impassioned eloquence. With marked emphasis and energy he dilated on all the weak points of evidence, and with consummate skill twisted the direct ones; then as a last device appealed in tones of such solemnity and pathos as to bring several of the jurymen to tears, as he painted the woes of the wife, and the terrible inheritance of shame that would be entailed on the child should a verdict of guilty be returned. But no eloquence could outbalance the evidence in Lamson's case, and sentence of death was passed, as the prisoner stood white and trembling, and almost unconscious in the dock. In most cases, however, Montagu Williams has been singularly successful in procuring acquittals, having restored many atrocious scoundrels to the bosom of society. Mr. Williams' practice is making him rapidly wealthy; and his skill, famous. He is earning a distinction (which, strange to say, the world calls honourable) by securing verdicts that pervert Justice! and he grows rich by saving criminals from the fate they deserve.

At two o'clock this afternoon, a fairly respectable looking Chinaman, while journeying from Peddar's Hill to Wyndham Street, by way of the steps, fell, missing his footing to the second landing. We arrived on the spot a few seconds after the man's fall. He was lying face down, a stream of blood from the wounds in his head dyed several of the steps lower down. There were plenty of his fellow countrymen standing by, but none who offered to give the slightest assistance. We sent for a constable, and a Sikh arrived very promptly. With the aid of our No. 1 boatman, and another coolie, the Sikh got the wounded man brought to the top of the steps and put into a chair. During the whole of the time the unfortunate man showed no signs of coming to, a feeble groan being all that came from him. We understand the Sikh took the wounded man to the Central, where he, the constable, stated he had picked him up in the street, being unable to name the street, or make the Central Station officials understand the locality where the accident occurred. The poor fellow, who never spoke or opened his eyes while at the Police Station, was sent to the Civil Hospital. We have repeatedly, as we use the steps very often, brought to the notice of the authorities in the columns of the Telegraph the dangerous nature of the steps where the accident took place to-day. We pointed out that they were extremely steep and slippery, and have more than once strongly suggested that a hand-rail be erected for the better security of those who use that short-cut. Should the mandie, there will be the usual inquest, visit of the coroner and jury to the scene of the accident, and so on, which will probably result in the much needed hand-rail being at last erected. We do not know whose duty it is to see that the streets, roadways, and pathways are reasonably safe for us, but we have a strong feeling that that man, whoever he is, is solely responsible for the accident of to-day.

We are informed by the Agent of the P. & O. S. N. Co., that the Company's steamship *Shan-wei*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for Hongkong yesterday, at 6 p.m.

MR. FROUDE, in the first two volumes of his "Life of Carlyle," regrets that he has not been able to discover more of the letters which passed between Goethe and Carlyle. It now appears that a series of hitherto undetected letters which passed between these distinguished men, and which have been recently discovered, will shortly appear in the *Magazin für die Literatur des In- und Auslandes*.

WHAT is libel? It would appear to us to be quite a matter of opinion, different judges holding extremely opposite views on the subject. The following case should commend itself to the consideration of those who have read Sir George Phillippo's opinions on libel, expressed in the recent local trial. The San Francisco Chronicle accused the Bulletin of having sold its editorial influence to the Central Pacific Railway for 6000 dollars. The Bulletin, very foolishly and very unprofessionally, brought a libel action, but the presiding judge ruled that the allegation was not libellous. His Honor is reported to have said:—"Is it morally or legally wrong for a person to advocate a project, matter, or claim, for pecuniary or valuable consideration? Talent is as much the capital of the advocate, the lawyer, and the editor, as merchandise is of the merchant, and the editor has as much right to sell his talent as the merchant his merchandise. The lawyer, the lecturer, the author, each sells his talent, and is not the less respected for so doing. The greater his learning, industry, eloquence, and the esteem in which he is held, the greater his compensation. It seems to me that it is no more libellous to accuse one of selling for gain the support and advocacy of his newspaper than it would be to accuse the merchant of selling for gain his merchandise." It may be safely assumed that few English Judges would have ruled, thus, but had this extremely practical and common sense lawyer tried the Bandmann v. Fraser-Smith case on its merits, we feel certain that a very different result would have been obtained.

POLICE Sergeant James Hill, stationed at Pok-fu-lum, appeared before Mr. Wodehouse yesterday on a summons for assault taken out by one Liu Kwei Sun.—The complainant said he was a head-coolie, and was occasionally employed by the Surveyor General's Department. On the 20th, about 4 p.m., he was coming from Aberdeen, and when near Pok-fu-lum Station the defendant, who was in plain clothes, came up behind and slapped him twice with his open hand upon each side of the face, then seized him by the neck and struck him with his fist on the body. The Sergeant took him to the station, and when he got there pushed him against the table, hurting him so much that he felt as if he were almost killed. Defendant then knocked him about and searched him, taking a permit he had from the Surveyor General's office away from him. After searching him, the Sergeant pushed him away and kicked him out of the station. When he went out he felt his purse, and found that a five dollar note was missing from it. Witness did not see the defendant take it. There were others searching him as well as the defendant. He had no external marks, but felt pain inside, all over his body. The Sergeant kicked him on the chest. He told Mr. Ford of what occurred, and took out a summons on Thursday. He did not take one sooner because he had been confined to his bed ever since. He had no idea why the Sergeant attacked him in that way. When defendant first hit him, witness thought he was a ghost. He had no witnesses.—Defendant said that he received a telegram from Inspector Stanton on the 20th, saying a pair of silk trousers had been stolen from the Harbour Office, and asking him to keep a look-out on the road. About a quarter to four p.m., the complainant came past the Station walking rather quickly, and as he thought he might be the man wanted, he went out in his shirt sleeves and called to him to stop, but he would not. He ran after him and caught him up. He asked him why he didn't stop, when complainant raised a cotton umbrella he had in his hand to strike him, calling him a "fan kwai." He took hold of him by the queue and brought him to the station. Asked in the station why he would not stop, he answered he would not stop for him (the Sergeant) or any other person. Complainant then opened his jacket and threw the permit at him. Seeing he had nothing in his possession, he was let go. As he was going out of the station, he again used the words "fan kwai." He called complainant back, and told him if he wasn't careful he would lock him up. Complainant became very excited and asked him (the Sergeant) for his number and said he would summon him. He had not seen the man since, or heard anything further about it until Thursday, when he received the summons. He never struck him, or kicked him, or hurt him in any way, nor did he slap his face. Complainant was told that a robbery had taken place at Aberdeen, and that it was thought he might be the thief.—Two Chinese constables stationed at Pok-fu-lum gave evidence similar to the Sergeant's statement, and said the defendant did not touch the complainant in any way beyond taking him by the queue. At the station complainant made no noise, saying he was a merchant, and that no one would dare to arrest him, not even an Inspector, and why should the Sergeant arrest him. "Here," he said, "am I a merchant who have been in Hongkong a great many years, and how dare you, a green clothes devil, arrest me." The woman who was with the complainant also made a row outside the station.—The complainant, who is an old man and very feeble looking naturally, on being recalled, said the Sergeant did beat him. He was very badly hurt, and had been in bed for the last seven days from the effect of the blows.—The Magistrate ordered Inspector Baker to take him to the Colonial Surgeon to be examined, and remanded the case until Monday.

We have been led to believe that Mr. Thomas de Bowler has withdrawn the action for libel he recently took against the Editor of this journal. But for our time having been so much occupied these past two days we should have notified this important fact to an expectant public when the intelligence first reached us. On Wednesday last Thomas de Bowler approached one of the members of our staff in his most courteous manner, and after complimenting him on the excellent report which had appeared in the Telegraph, detailing Mr. de Bowler's latest appearance at the Police Court, remarked, "Oh, I've withdrawn the action for damages. I took against Mr. Fraser-Smith for libelling me." We conclude that Bandmann's particular friend "the Angel of good gifts" must have favoured Bowler with some kind of "inspiration." At all events Thomas de Bowler was present at the performance of "The Lady of Lyons," arrayed like Solomon in all his glory in a complete suit of sables, so we conclude that he has smoked the calumet of peace and buried the hatchet for good and all. In good part, *sine odio*, and without in any way wishing to hurt Mr. Bowler's sensitive feelings, we honestly do not believe that any Hongkong jury would have given Thomas de Bowler the sum of one thousand dollars as *solutio* for having been designated "the irrepressible one" by the Telegraph.

THE St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Voltaire* guarantees the authenticity of the following statement:—Shortly after the opening of the Moscow Exhibition, which was recently inaugurated by the Grand Duke Vladimir, a young man demanded an audience of the Chief of the Police at St. Petersburg. He refused to state his errand to any of the subordinate officials, so after being carefully searched he was admitted to the General. Here he stated at once that he was sent by the Revolutionary Party, and explained his mission in the following terms:—"The Emperor is prevented from going to Moscow by his fear of our schemes. His dread will cease to be justified whenever he grants a Constitution. Then he need fear no conspiracy, and can go in safety wherever he pleases. It has fallen to my lot to inform you that if the Emperor persists in his reactionary policy nothing can save him. Neither my friends nor myself wish to murder him treacherously. Alexander III. is warned as was Alexander II. We do not assassinate, but we render justice." At this point of the interview the police-officer seemed anxious to call in assistance, but the young Nihilist stopped him and added:—"I do not wish to be subjected to the indignity of torture. In coming here I have sacrificed my life. I could have killed you, but we do not commit murders uselessly." With these words the youth stepped back a few paces, and knocked two large buttons, with which his cuffs were fastened, against his forehead. The buttons, being full of an explosive substance, burst, and inflicted such wounds on the young man that he expired in a few moments, leaving no trace as to his identity. This sensational incident has reminded the public that the murder of Alexander II. was preceded by similar warnings.

TITR famous novelist Ouida, having heard that someone was about to dramatise her last novel, "Moths," wrote an indignant letter to the Times, complaining that her story of modern society was "to be dragged on the stage, cut and clipped, travestied and dressed up in vulgar and ill-fitting clothes." Vanity Fair gets great fun out of Ouida's proclamation of alarm. "When," says the writer, "we had finished reading 'Moths' it never entered our minds that anyone would ever try to vulgarise the book. But it seems a secret has found out how 'Moths' can be made more vulgar, and how it is going to enlighten the public. We will receive a terrible shock when he has finished his task, if, as Ouida fears, he 'dwarfs and degrades' 'Moths.' We have read in a novel of a gentleman silly watching a lady bathing, and the taste of such a thing seemed to us doubtful. In another novel, of trees growing in a University quad in another, that University carman, when getting pace on, bob their ears up and down perpendicularly; in another, we learn that excited ladies of fashion extract floss from their virtuous bosoms, drown the animals in ruby wine, and make lovers admire consume the wine and the insects. These things seemed to us like blunders; and the novels were all written by the artist known as Ouida. If any dramatist can produce worse taste, he must be a superior person. Ouida vows that if the process of dwarfing or degrading (or, in other words, dramatising 'Moths') goes on, men and women of genius will write no more! The modesty of the announcement is touching. Life without Ouida! Whither will the erotic school-girl go for solace? In what other learned novels can the fair virgin find Majors of such magnitude and ferocity, or artists of such morbid purity and sensuality? When Ouida retires into the infinite, the highest cravings of man and woman-kind must rest unsatisfied. Bestowing one more mournful glance on her letter, we find that she wishes dramatic adapters would steal 'my roses, or my grapes, or my cook's *batterie de cuisine*, rather than 'my ideas and my creations.' Studying this sentence accurately, we find that Ouida is the owner of oaks and grapes, and horses, and a cook, and a *batterie de cuisine* and roses, and other objects of interest, and all these gifts of Nature have been gained by the sale of information concerning Majors, and floss, and courtisans, and original gamblers, and yearning maidens. Ouida has gained everything (that the world can give). On her own showing she is read by the pensive Calneuck in his sheepskin tent; the Chipewyan assists digestion by perusing "Chandos" after he has partaken of bakeloid; the wild Bechuanas have "Sithmoro" read to them (by a medicine-man) while they dine manfully on deceased foes. We gather the facts from Ouida's declaration that "my books are read by human beings all over the world." Considering this fame, considering that the pious squaw and the British virgin derive equal delight from the creations of our gifted being's brains, we cannot let her fade, we cannot let his lady, who describes herself with such simple modesty as a "woman of genius," leave the world in darkness and despair. Don't go, Ouida!

Saigon, No. 1, per picul	\$1.87	1.90
Saigon, Steam bags	\$1.75	1.70
Saigon, Straw bags	\$1.70	1.72
Japan	\$1.50	1.50
betre, per picul	\$5.10	6.25
ced, Cut, per picul	\$5.75	2.85
eed, Green, per picul	\$3.05	3.15
num, White, per picul	\$3.85	3.95
num, Black, per picul	Tls. 2.45	2.55
fish, per picul	\$33.00	60.00
fish, Japan, per picul	\$27.00	39.00
fish, California, per picul	\$115.00	12.00
fish, per picul	\$8.50	6.50

STRAITS PRODUCE, &C.

el Nut	\$4.75	4.85
per, White, per picul	\$19.40	19.70
per, Black, per picul	\$13.50	13.90
tan, Bangs, per picul	\$5.30	5.50
tan, Striper, per picul	\$2.35	4.65
Madras, per picul	\$1.40	2.25
Madras Wood, South Sea, per picul	\$1.80	4.65
an Wood, Manila, per picul	\$2.45	1.65
an Wood, Siam, per picul	\$2.25	2.35
Shak-lung, White, No. p. pl.	\$7.00	7.10
Shak-lung, White, No. p. pl.	\$6.15	6.35
Shak-lung, Brown, No. p. pl.	\$4.05	4.10
Candy, Shak-lung, per picul	\$9.20	9.35
Candy, Foochow, per picul	\$9.75	9.80
Candy, Swatow, White, p. p.	\$7.75	7.85
cell, Tientsin, per picul	\$7.60	7.70
ats, per picul	\$5.55	5.30
nt, Tientsin, per picul	\$2.15	2.18
nt, Japan, per picul	\$2.15	2.43
Oil, per picul	Tls. 6.20	6.25
ow Glass, per box	\$3.15	3.65

and Published by ROBERT FRANKLIN SMITH, at No. 4